

**Table 3**  
**Non- CTR Constituents**  
**Projected Maximum Effluent Concentration (MEC) Calculations**

**ATTACHMENT D**

Parameter	Units	Applicable Criteria/Objectives			Monitoring Data				Maximum Detected Effluent Concentration	Projected MEC <sup>1</sup>
		BasinPlan or Acute	Chronic	MCL or Human Health	Effluent Concentration on 5/29/2003	Effluent Concentration on 10/7/2003	Effluent Concentration on 12/3/2003	Effluent Concentration on 2/18/2004		
Barium	µg/L	100	n/a	490	14	340	330	310	340	1598
Iron	µg/L	300	n/a	300	120	1100	540	200	1100	5170
Manganese	µg/L	50	n/a	50	88	4.5	2.5	ND	88	413.6
Ammonia	mg/L	2.14	0.591	1.5	110	2500	190	ND	2500	11750
Specific conductance (EC @ 25°C)	µmhos/cm	n/a	n/a	900	Regularly monitored through M&RP, n=53				1600	1600

**Footnotes:**

<sup>1</sup> The projected MEC (maximum effluent concentration) is determined by multiplying the maximum detected concentration with a reasonable potential multiplying factor that accounts for statistical variation. The multiplying factor (for 99% confidence level and 99% probability basis) is dependent on the coefficient of variation (CV) and number of reported effluent results. For less than 10 effluent data points, CV is estimated to equal 0.6. The multiplying factor is 4.7 for four samples and a CV of 0.6. If no data or all data ND, did not make analysis due to lack of data.